#### 4. Sequences

#### Task 4.1 (T 12.2015, 0 – 2 pts)

The sequence  $(a_n)$  is an arithmetic sequence defined for  $n \ge 1$ , with  $a_1 = -3$  and  $a_5 = 9$ . Complete the following sentences.

- a) The tenth term of the arithmetic sequence is equal to ......
- b) The sum of the first ten terms of the arithmetic sequence is equal to ......

# Task 4.2. (T 16.2016, 0 – 2 pts)

The seventeenth term of a geometric sequence equals 10, while its twentieth term equals -80. Complete the following sentences.

- a) The common ratio of this geometric sequence is ......
- b) The number of terms in this sequence which are in the interval (0,1) equals

## Task 4.3. (T 7.2017)

Numbers 2x, 4x, 18 (in the given order) are the first three terms of an arithmetic sequence. The first term of the sequence is:

**A.** 2.25 **B.** 1.5 **C.** 6 **D.** 3

# Task 4.4. (T 14.2017, 0 - 3 pts)

The odd-numbered terms of a given geometric sequence  $(a_n)$ , where  $n \ge 1$ , are negative numbers and  $a_5 = -1$ . Even-numbered terms of the sequence are positive numbers and  $a_{10} = \frac{1}{32}$ . Complete the following sentences.

- a) The common ratio q of the geometric sequence ( $a_n$ ) is .....
- b) In the geometric sequence ( $a_n$ ), the number of terms greater than  $\frac{1}{32}$  is .....
- c) In the sequence  $(a_n)$ , the sum of integer terms is .....

#### Task 4.5. (T 13.2018, 0 – 3 pts)

The sequence  $(a_n)$  is a geometric sequence defined for  $n \ge 1$ , with  $a_1 = \frac{1}{4}$  and

- $a_4 = 2$ . Complete the following sentences.
  - a) The seventh term of the sequence is .....
  - b) The product of the second and the eighth term of the sequence is ......
  - c) If the sum of *n* initial terms of the sequence is equal to  $\frac{7}{4}$ , then the number *n* is equal to .....

## Task 4.6. (T 17.2018, 0 – 3 pts)

In an arithmetic sequence  $(a_n)$  defined for all natural numbers such that  $n \ge 1$ , the first term is  $a_1 = -7$  and the sum of the first twenty terms equals  $S_{20} = 1000$ . Complete the following sentences.

- a) The common difference of this arithmetic sequence is ......
- b) The twentieth term of this sequence is ......
- c) The *n* –th term of this sequence is given by the formula:  $a_n = \dots$

## Task 4.7. (T 6.2019)

In a decreasing geometric sequence  $(a_n)$  defined for each natural number  $n \ge 1$ , the ninth term equals 9, and the seventh term equals 81. Therefore the common ratio q of this sequence

**A.**  $-\frac{1}{3}$  **B.**  $\frac{1}{3}$  **C.** 3 **D.** -3

#### Task 4.8 (T 12.2019)

The *n*-th term of the sequence  $(a_n)$  is given by  $a_n = \frac{7-2n}{3}$  for each natural number  $n \ge 1$ . Therefore this sequence is:

A. an arithmetic sequence, and its common difference equals  $r = -\frac{2}{3}$ . B. an arithmetic sequence, and its common difference equals  $r = \frac{7}{3}$ . C. a geometric sequence, and its common ratio equals  $q = -\frac{2}{3}$ . D. a geometric sequence, and its common ratio equals  $q = \frac{7}{3}$ .

### Task 4.9 (T 16.2019, 0 – 3 pts)

The fortieth term of an arithmetic sequence is 40. The sum of the first forty terms of this sequence also equals 40.

Complete the following sentences with the correct numbers.

- a) The first term of the sequence is ......
- b) The common difference of this arithmetic sequence is ......
- c) The number of negative terms in the sequence is ......

## Task 4.10. (T 12.2020)

The sequence  $(a_n)$  is given by the formula  $a_n = -n^2 + 14n - 42$  for  $n \ge 1$ . The number of its positive terms is:

**A.** 0 **B.** 3 **C.** 5 **D.** 12

#### Task 4.11 (T 13.2020)

In a geometric sequence  $(a_n)$  defined for  $n \ge 1$ ,  $a_2 = 1$ ,  $a_3 = 1 + \sqrt{5}$ . Therefore  $a_1$  is equal to:

**A.**  $\sqrt{5} - 1$  **B.**  $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{4}$  **C.**  $\sqrt{5} + 1$  **D.**  $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{4}$ 

#### Task 4.12 (T 9.2021)

The fourth term of an arithmetic sequence is 7, and the seventh term is 4. The common difference of this arithmetic sequence is equal to

A. -3 B. -1 C. 1 D. 3

## Task 4.13 (T 16.2021, 0 – 4 pts)

A sequence  $(a_n)$  is given by the formula  $a_n = 3n - 5$  for  $n \ge 1$ . Let T be a set of all two-digit numbers which are terms of the sequence  $(a_n)$ .

## Complete the sentences a – d below by writing the correct numeric values in the blanks.

- a) The set *T* has ..... elements.
- b) The arithmetic mean of the elements of the set *T* is equal to .......
- c) The median of the elements of the set *T* is equal to ......
- d) The set *T* contains .....numbers which are squares of integers.

# Task 4.14 (T 6.2023)

A sequence  $(a_n)$  is given by the formula  $a_n = (-1)^{2n-1} \cdot (-2n)$  for each natural number  $n \ge 1$ .

Decide whether the following statements are true or false. Select 'T' if the statement is true or 'F' if the statement is false.

The third term of the sequence $(a_n)$ is equal to 6.	Т	F
All terms of the sequence $(a_n)$ are positive.	Т	F

# Task 4.15 (T 7.2023)

Complete the sentence. Select the correct answer from the options given below.

The sequence (2, x, 8) is geometric and is not increasing when

**A.** x = -5 **B.** x = -4 **C.** x = 4 **D.** x = 5

## Task 4.16 (T 6.2024)

A sequence (*an*) is given by the formula an = 2n2 - 4 for each natural number  $n \ge 1$ . Decide if the following statements are true or false. Select 'T' if the statement is true, or 'F' if it is false.

The sequence $(a_n)$ is arithmetic.	Т	F
The sequence $(a_n)$ is increasing.	Т	F

# Task 4.17 (T 7.2024)

Complete the sentence. Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

The three-term sequence (x - 2, 6, 12) is geometric for

**A.** x = 0 **B.** x = 2 **C.** x = 3 **D.** x = 5